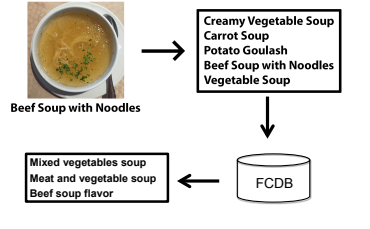


Mixed Deep Learning & Natural Language Processing Approach for food image detection, recognition & analysis to estimate nutritional values

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Problem definition



Food & Drink Image Datasets



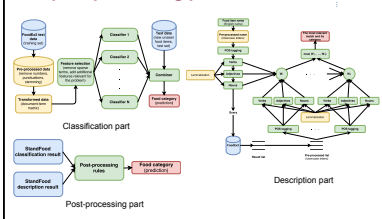
Deep Learning Models

- Food & drink image detection and recognition is performed by applying deep convolutional neural networks
 - NutriNet: a new architecture, based on AlexNet
 - Extra convolutional layer, faster training and higher accuracy on our datasets
- Results - recognition accuracy of 86.72% and a detection accuracy of 94.47%:
 - Comparable accuracy to current research works.
 - Able to recognize a much larger number of foods.
 - First to recognize drink images.
- Automatic online training is implemented to continually improve the recognition model.

StandFood: Standardization of Foods according to FoodEx2

- FoodEx2 standardized food classification & description system (developed by EFSA):
 - Four food categories: raw (r), derivatives (d), simple (s) and aggregated (c) composite foods
- FoodEx2 code example:
 - A03BG#F09_A0EXHSF10_A077LSF21_A07SE
 - nectar, orange (A03BG), FORTIFICATION AGENT = 53 Calcium (F09_A0EXH), QUALITATIVE INFO = Sugar free (F10_A077L), PRODUCTION METHOD = 54 Organic production (F21_A07SE)

StandFood classification, description, and post-processing part



StandFood results

- 532 instances from Slovenian dataset
- 89% accuracy of the classification part and 79% accuracy of the description part

Food Item	StandFood Classification Code	StandFood Description Code	Manual FoodEx2 Code
Milkshake soup	A03C	Milkshake soup	A03C
Prepared green salad	A03C	Mixed green salad	A03C
Meat burger	A03D	Meat burger on vegetables	A03D
Bread	A03A	Baking meat	A03A
Beef mince (ground)	A03C	Colorful vegetable towers	A03C
Sour cream salad?	A03C	Colorful vegetable towers	A03C
Cheese milk, 1% fat	A03A	Cheese with sliced beef	A03A
Silvaner wine	A03A	Preparation containing alcohol	A03A
Highly acidic (e.g. orange), low alcohol	A03A	Fatty acid (e.g. omega-3 enriched)	A03A
Preparation containing alcohol	A03A	Fatty acid (e.g. omega-3 enriched)	A03A
Durian (fruit) fruit concentrate	A03C	Whole fruit juice	A03C
Cheese spread	A03C	Cheese spread	A03C
Cherry tooth	A03C	Cherry and apple	A03C
	A03C	Sea-bream	A03C
	A03C	Cherry wine	A03C
	A03C	Sea-bream	A03C
	A03C	Concise cheese	A03C
	A03C	Black sesame	A03C

Conclusion

- The results are encouraging as the DL model has a high classification accuracy and is able to recognize the largest selection of foods and drinks so far (520).
- The DL model is being used in practice as part of a mobile app for dietary assessment of Parkinson's Disease patients.
- The benefit of using the approach for food matching is that the whole process is made automatically, compared to several other techniques used in Europe that are based on manual matching.

Questions

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